Approved For Release 20 3 27 STR P 100975A005400010001-0

25X1





1 November 1960

Copy No. C 74

25X1

CENTRAL

INTELLIGENCE

BULLETIN



DOGUMENT NO).
NO CMANGE IN	GLASS.	X	•		
DECLASSIS					
CLASS. GHARS! NEXT RAVIAW	OSTOI	15	3 U	i	
AUTH: NA 70:			KL.		
	1 1000				

25X1	
------	--

25X

State Dept. review completed

Next 1 Page(s) In Document Exempt

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

1 November 1960

DAILY BRIEF

25X1	I. THE COMMUNIST BLOC	
	Albania: In a major speech to the Albanian National As-	
	sembly on 25 October, Premier Shehu in effect reaffirmed his country's support for Communist China in the Sino-Soviet dispute. Shehu had just returned from the UN General Assembly,	

Albania: In a major speech to the Albanian National Assembly on 25 October, Premier Shehu in effect reaffirmed his country's support for Communist China in the Sino-Soviet dispute. Shehu had just returned from the UN General Assembly, and directed a major portion of his remarks to Khrushchev's proposals there; in contrast to the positions taken by the other European satellites, however, he strongly implied these proposals were impractical. Shehu's speech, which, as in previous cases, reflected a view of the world situation similar to that held by the Chinese Communists, came at a time of new manifestations of Sino-Albanian amity and further evidence of Soviet-Albanian friction.

01

25X1

25X1

i

,			7 .	
Approve	d Forkelease 2003/	/02/27 : CIA-RDP79T009	5A005400010001-0	25X1
			-	
			·	25X1
	111	. THE WEST		
West	Germany: The	Bonn government a	pparently is try-	25X1
ing to re	duce tensions ove	er the Berlin access ations with the USSI	s issue by seeking $ igcap $	
time' beir	g. According to	a West German off	icial, Adenauer is/	
25X1 ister Bre	ntano, meanwhil	scow for this purpose, reportedly has i	ndicated that the /	
current r	egotiations with ragged out, poss	the USSR for a new ibly until March or	April. in the ex-	
pectation	that Moscow wil	l not put pressure o ano is also quoted t	on Berlin during /	
interzona	l trade with East	Germany will be	allowed to continue	
beyond 3 of Berlin	December so lo	ong as there are no	further harassments (Page 4)	25X1
	·		(2 382 4)	
•				
1 Nov 60	· .		ii	25)
	L			

25¾proved For Release 2003/02/27 : CIA-RDP79T00\$75A005400010001-0

Albanian Premier Reaffirms Support for Chinese

Albanian Premier Mehmet Shehu, speaking on 25 October to the National Assembly on the current international situation, in effect re-endorsed Albania's support for Communist China while at the same time paying lip service to certain of the Soviet leader's positions. He implied that some of Khrushchev's proposals made at the current UN General Assembly session are impractical, and he used arguments advanced in the past by the Chinese Communists to show why these proposals cannot be implemented. On the disarmament question, for example, he stated that while Albania supports Soviet proposals on this question, Albania believes the "imperialists will never accept" disarmament merely through "discussions." He went on to say that only through a determined struggle of all "peace-loving" peoples can disarmament be forced on the West.

Shehu, who implicitly criticized Khrushchev's meetings in New York with Tito, also directly disagreed with two Sovietsponsored proposals advanced earlier by satellite leaders. He condemned the idea of total disarmament in the Balkans--proposed prior to the General Assembly meeting by Gheorghiu-Dej of Rumania and Zhivkov of Bulgaria--as "absurd and dangerous" as long as "imperialism" surrounds the bloc. He also disagreed with Gomulka's suggestion that a first step toward disarmament could be the acceptance of existing military bases on foreign soil if new bases are prohibited. He said this would involve acceptance of the presence of "hundreds of US bases" around the "socialist camp." Tirana probably sees in such Soviet bloc actions a threat to its importance as an "outpost of socialism" on the Adriatic and perhaps even to its existence as a state.

Shehu's speech comes at a time of continuing signs of Sino-Albanian amity and Soviet-Albanian friction. In a 24 October cable of thanks to Albania, China again congratulated Tirana for its consistency and for its struggle to keep Marxism-Leninism "pure." Deputy Premier Kellezi, in a speech on 26 October, following his return from Peiping, broadened Albania's support of Peiping to include Chinese internal policy, hailing the communes and the "leap forward" as "extremely correct" and

creative developments of Marxist theory. According to an unconfirmed French report, the Soviet ambassador to Albania has been out of the country for several weeks "ostensibly because of illness." The Soviet charge allegedly has been denied access to the Foreign Ministry, while the Chinese ambassador is daily received in the ministry as well as by the party politburo and secretariat. The report also claims that Soviet technicians have been withdrawn from Albania.

Shehu also strongly implied that the shake-up in the Albanian party may continue. He stated ominously that revisionists and
opportunists, who describe China as "dogmatic" and predisposed
toward war, can still be found in Tirana and elsewhere in the bloc.

25X1

25X1

25X1

Bonn Seeks to Reduce Tensions Over Berlin

The West German Government apparently is trying to reduce tensions over the Berlin access issue by seeking some improvement in relations with the USSR, at least for the immediate future. The Soviet ambassador in Bonn reportedly told leaders of the opposition Social Democratic party on 20 October that Chancellor Adenauer may visit Moscow next May, and a West German official on the High Authority of the Coal-Steel Community has stated that the chancellor is considering such a trip.

Adenauer is reported encouraged by Khrushchev's friendly overtures to the West German ambassador in Moscow in response to Adenauer's letter on renewed repatriation of Germans from the USSR. Although there is little prospect that such a meeting would produce any real understanding between Bonn and Moscow, Adenauer may view a meeting with Khrushchev as a means of postponing new negotiations on Berlin until after the German elections in September 1961. He may also feel that direct talks with Khrushchev--which could produce an agreement on repatriation--would enhance his prestige with the German voters.

Foreign Minister von Brentano reportedly has indicated that the present negotiations with the USSR for a new trade agreement will be dragged out, possibly until March or April, in the belief that Moscow will not put pressure on Berlin while the negotiations continue. He added that at the last minute Bonn will demand that the agreement must also apply to West Berlin and will insist on new negotiations if the USSR objects.

Brentano is also quoted to the effect that West German interzonal trade with East Germany will be allowed to continue after the present agreement lapses on 31 December if there are no further harassments of Berlin. Brentano explained that although Bonn's aim is to return eventually to the status quo, its immediate objective is to buy time—"well into the spring or summer of 1961."

The present German-Soviet trade agreement, concluded early in 1958 and scheduled to expire on 31 December this year,

Approved For Release 2003/02/27 : CIA-RDP79T00975A005400010001-0

25X1

provided for an exchange of goods totaling \$744,000,000. Emphasis has been placed on West German shipments of producer goods—including steel pipe, chemical plant equipment, and machinery—and Soviet deliveries of raw materials and foodstuffs. West German chief negotiator von Zahn-Stranik has assured American officials in Bonn that he will firmly resist expected Soviet demands for a five—year agreement, but he indicated that the USSR, as in 1958, would probably not accept anything less than three years.

(American officials have observed that although Bonn has
successfully withstood the more unreasonable Soviet demands
for high trade quotas, each succeeding round of talks has pro-
duced substantial increases, and they expect that this will con-
tinue to be the case in the future. Under the present agreement,
quotas have generally been about 75 percent fulfilled.

25X1

25X1

25X1

THE PRESIDENT

The Vice President

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

Scientific Adviser to the President

Director of the Budget

Director, Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization

Director, National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Special Assistant for Security Operations Coordination

Chairman, Board of Consultants on Foreign Intelligence Activities

Special Assistant for Foreign Economic Policy

Executive Secretary, National Security Council

The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Administration

The Counselor

Director, International Cooperation Administration

The Director of Intelligence and Research

The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Security Affairs

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of the Air Force

The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff

The Director, The Joint Staff Chief of Staff, United States Army

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Commandant, United States Marine Corps

Assistant to Secretary of Defense for Special Operations

Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff

Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army

Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy

Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commander in Chief, Pacific

The Department of Commerce

The Secretary of Commerce

Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

National Security Agency

The Director

National Indications Center

The Director

